

Table 28

Rank-Order Distribution of Fatal Claims by Occupational Classification¹

**Date of Death-Calendar Year 2004
State of Colorado**

Occupational Classification^{2,3}	Count	Percent
Construction & Extraction	22	19.8
Management, Business, & Financial Operations	21	18.9
Transportation & Material Moving	14	12.6
Service	13	11.7
Professional & Related Occupations	9	8.1
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair	8	7.2
Production	5	4.5
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	4	3.6
Sales & Related Occupations	3	2.7
Office & Administrative Support	*	*
Military Occupations	*	*
Missing ⁴	9	8.1
Totals	111	100%

Notes:

* Counts equal to one (1) or two (2) are suppressed to protect confidentiality of death records.

1 The information in this table is derived from death certificates, and is what was reported by a relative, or, in their absence, the coroner or physician who completed the death certificate.

2 The death certificate asks for the decedent's "usual occupation", or the "kind of work done during most of working life." This may not be the decedent's occupation at time of death.

3 Occupational classifications are based on the 2002 Occupational Classification System developed by the U.S. Bureau of Census.

4 Eight cases had no death certificate; one case did not have occupation listed on the death certificate.

Construction and extraction workers have the highest number of fatal claims.